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09/601,390	07/31/2000	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		
	07/31/2000	YOSHIHIDE WAKAYAMA	MOR-221-A	2960
7590	02/21/2002			
ANDREW R BASILE YOUNG & BASILE 3001 WEST BIG BEAVER ROAD SUITE 624 TROY, MI 48084-3107			EXAMINER	
			HOPKINS, ROBERT A	
		T.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1724	7
			DATE MAILED: 02/21/2002	;

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		<u> </u>				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/601,390	WAKAYAMA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Robert A Hopkins	1724				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro a. cause the application to become ABANDON	timely filed ays will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>·</u> ·					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ The	nis action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-17</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>9-16</u> is/are withdraw	n from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6,8 and 17</u> is/are rejected.						
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>7</u> is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action. 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
,—	Adminion.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120	n priority under 25 LLS C & 110	1/2)-(d) or (f)				
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	to have been received					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 						
application from the International But See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest						
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pr 15)☒ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes 	ovisional application has been retic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 1.	eceived. 20 and/or 121.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informa	ary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) al Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, claims 1-8 and 17 in Paper No. 6 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that original claims 1-11as filed in the international application(PCT/JP98/05807) included an examination on all the claims, and therefore at least groups I and III should be similarly examined in this instance. This is not found persuasive because examination of all of the claims in an international application does not mean that examination of all the claims in a corresponding national stage application is required. Examiner is allowed to make an election/restriction requirement in a national stage application irrespective of the action of the examiner in the international application(which in the current case the examiner was from the Japanese Patent Office). Furthermore, as noted in the election/restriction requirement dated 9-28-01, the groups are clearly to different inventive concepts, and therefore restriction is proper.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

This application contains claims 9-16 drawn to an invention nonelected with traverse in Paper No. 6. A complete reply to the final rejection must include cancellation of nonelected claims or other appropriate action (37 CFR 1.144) See MPEP § 821.01.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Warburton, Jr(4291087).

Warburton, Jr teaches a filter medium(column 1 lines 21-22) for an air filter having fibers bound together by a binder to form a non-woven fabric, characterized in that the binder has its main ingredient a polymer dispersion(column 6 line 31) having a copolymer of a hydrophilic monomer and a hydrophobic monomer dispersed in water(column 8 lines 5-13; column 8 lines 64-69). Warburton, Jr further teaches wherein the copolymer is polymerized by using an organic peroxide as a polymerization initiator(column 11 line 26-28).

Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by DiStefano(4859527).

DiStefano teaches a filter medium(column 13 lines 17) for an air filter having fibers bound together by a binder to form a non-woven fabric, characterized in that the binder has its main ingredient a polymer dispersion having a copolymer of a hydrophilic monomer and a hydrophobic monomer dispersed in water(column 3 lines 35-38). DiStefano further teaches wherein the copolymer is polymerized by using an organic

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peroxide as a polymerization initiator. DiStefano further teaches wherein the hydrophilic monomer is acrylic acid and the hydrophobic monomer is ethylene.

Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Distler(3944690).

Distler teaches a non-woven fabric having fibers bound together by a binder, characterized in that the binder has its main ingredient a polymer dispersion having a copolymer of a hydrophilic monomer and a hydrophobic monomer dispersed in water(column 3 lines 8-11,14, and 15). Distler further teaches wherein the copolymer is polymerized by using an organic peroxide as a polymerization initiator. Distler further teaches wherein the hydrophilic monomer is methacrylate and the hydrophobic monomer is styrene.

Claims 4-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Distler(3944690).

Distler teaches a method for manufacturing a non-woven fabric, the non woven fabric formed by binding fibers by a binder, characterized in that the binder has its chief ingredient a polymer dispersion having a copolymer of a hydrophilic monomer and a hydrophobic monomer dispersed in water. Distler further teaches wherein the copolymer is polymerized by using an organic peroxide as a polymerization initiator. Distler further teaches wherein the hydrophilic monomer is methacrylate and the hydrophobic monomer is styrene.

Claims 4-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by DiStefano(4859527).

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DiStefano teaches a method for manufacturing a non-woven fabric, the non woven fabric formed by binding fibers by a binder, characterized in that the binder has its chief ingredient a polymer dispersion having a copolymer of a hydrophilic monomer and a hydrophobic monomer dispersed in water. DiStefano further teaches wherein the copolymer is polymerized by using an organic peroxide as a polymerization initiator. DiStefano further teaches wherein the hydrophilic monomer is acrylic acid and the hydrophobic monomer is ethylene.

Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Warburton, Jr(4291087)

Warburton, Jr teaches a method for manufacturing a non-woven fabric, the non woven fabric formed by binding fibers by a binder, characterized in that the binder has its chief ingredient a polymer dispersion having a copolymer of a hydrophilic monomer and a hydrophobic monomer dispersed in water. Warburton, Jr further teaches wherein the copolymer is polymerized by using an organic peroxide as a polymerization initiator.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 3 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Warburton, Jr(4291087).

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Warburton, Jr teaches all of the limitations of claims 3 and 6 but is silent as to wherein the hydrophilic monomer is at least one selected from acrylic acid, methacrylate, and methallyl sulfonate. Warburton, Jr in column 11 example 8 discloses a copolymer binder of butyl acrylate and styrene. Examiner respectfully submits that methacrylate and butyl acrylate have similar hydrophilic properties with the exception of an additional carbon atom in butyl acrylate. Therefore, it would have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention through routine experimentation to substitute methacrylate for butyl acrylate in the copolymer of example 8 in order to provide for a polymer dispersion which has equivalent properties of non-toxicity(column 8 lines 64-68).

Claims 8 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over either Warburton, Jr(4291087) or DiStefano(4859527).

Warburton, Jr and DiStefano both disclose a filter medium for an air filter having fibers bound together by a binder to form a non-woven fabric, characterized in that the binder has its main ingredient a polymer dispersion having a copolymer of a hydrophilic monomer and a hydrophobic monomer dispersed in water. Both Warburton, Jr and DiStefano are silent as to a frame and a sealing material incapable of generating gaseous organic substances. Examiner respectfully submits that aluminum filter frames and as mentioned sealing materials incapable of generating gaseous organic substances are well known in the filtration art, therefore it would have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to provide a frame and a sealing material incapable of generating gaseous organic substances for the filter

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material of Warburton, Jr and DiStefano in order to provide for a filter material, frame, and sealing material which are free of gaseous organic substances.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claim 7 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim 7 recites "and wherein volatile organic substances are removed from said polymer dispersion by any one treatment of vacuum suction, aeration, nitrogen purging, and steam injection". Warburton, Jr discloses using a polymeric binder which is produced from monomers which are free of safety and toxicity problems, however Warburton, Jr does not disclose using any one of vacuum suction, aeration, nitrogen purging, and steam injection to remove volatile organic substances from the polymer dispersion. Therefore, it would not have been obvious to someone of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to including a step of removing volatile organic substances from the polymer dispersion of Warburton, Jr by any one of vacuum suction, aeration, nitrogen purging, and steam injection because Warburton, Jr does not suggest such a modification.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert A Hopkins whose telephone number is 703-308-3913. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:00am-3:00pm, alternate Fridays off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Simmons can be reached on 703-308-1972. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9310 for regular communications and 703-872-9572 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

Robert A Hopkins Primary Examiner Art Unit 1724

rah February 19, 2002